

**ABSTRAK**

**STUDI KOMPARASI TINGKAT PENDAPATAN, TINGKAT  
KONSUMSI DAN TINGKAT PENGANGGURAN MASYARAKAT DESA  
WIJIMULYO NANGGULAN KULON PROGO SEBELUM DAN  
SESUDAH DIBUKANYA PENAMBANGAN PASIR DI SUNGAI PROGO**

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui: perbedaan tingkat pendapatan, tingkat konsumsi, dan tingkat pengangguran masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo Nanggulan Kulon Progo sebelum dan sesudah dibukanya pertambangan pasir di Sungai Progo.

Jenis penelitian ini adalah komparatif. Penelitian dilakukan di Desa Wijimulyo, kecamatan Nanggulan, Kabupaten Kulon Progo. Populasi dalam penelitian ini berjumlah 75 kepala keluarga (KK). Teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan teknik *purposive sampling*. Sampel penelitian ini berjumlah 63 responden. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah kuesioner. Teknik analisis data menggunakan *paired sample t-test*.

Hasil dari penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: (1) ada perbedaan yang signifikan antara tingkat pendapatan masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo sebelum dan sesudah dibukanya penambangan pasir di Sungai Progo ( $p = 0,000 < 0,05$ ), artinya tingkat pendapatan masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo meningkat sesudah dibukanya penambangan pasir; (2) ada perbedaan yang signifikan antara tingkat konsumsi masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo sebelum dan sesudah dibukanya penambangan pasir di Sungai Progo ( $p = 0,000 < 0,05$ ), artinya tingkat konsumsi masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo bertambah sesudah dibukanya penambangan pasir; dan (3) ada perbedaan yang signifikan antara tingkat pengangguran masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo sebelum dan sesudah dibukanya penambangan pasir di Sungai Progo ( $p = 0,025 < 0,05$ ), artinya tingkat pengangguran masyarakat Desa Wijimulyo mengalami penurunan sesudah dibukanya penambangan pasir.

**ABSTRACT**

**THE COMPARATIVE STUDY OF INCOME, CONSUMPTION AND  
UNEMPLOYMENT LEVEL OF SOCIETY AT WIJIMULYO VILLAGE  
NANGGULAN KULON PROGO BEFORE AND AFTER OPENING SAND  
MINING IN PROGO RIVER**

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This study aims to find out differences of income, consumption and unemployment level of society at Wijimulyo Village Nanggulan Kulon Progo before and after opening sand mining in Progo river.

This research is a comparative study. The research was conducted at Wijimulyo Village, Nanggulan, Kulon Progo Regency. The research population were 75 members of society at Wijimulyo. The sampling technique was *purposive sampling*. The research samples were 63 respondents. Data collection techniques was questionnaire. Data analysis techniques was the *paired sample t-test*.

The result of this study shows that : (1) there is significant difference between the income level of Wijimulyo Villagers before and after the opening of river sand mining in Progo river ( $p = 0.000 < 0.05$ ), It means that the income rate increased after the opening of the Village Wijimulyo sand mining; (2) there is significant difference between consumption levels of Wijimulyo Villagers before and after the opening of river sand mining in Progo river ( $p = 0.000 < 0.05$ ). It means that the consumption rate increased after the opening of the Village Wijimulyo sand mining; and (3) there is a significant difference between unemployment levels of Wijimulyo Villagers before and after the opening of river sand mining in Progo ( $p = 0.025 < 0.05$ ). It means that the unemployment rate decreased after the opening of the Village wijimulyo sand mining.